MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY	
CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014	√
Public Water Supply Name	
Arana water supply traffle	
List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CC	:R
for Third the Miles And Commerces	

The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply.

Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication	on, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement)☐ On water bills (attach copy of bill)☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address be☐ Other	
Date(s) customers were informed:/ /,/ /	
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Mus methods used enclased with kill	at amonific ather disease 3 1'
Date Mailed/Distributed: 6/1//5	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email message	mailed:/_/
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or production)	of of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	
Date Published:/	<u> </u>
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Po	osted: / /
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (I	
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distripublic water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distributed the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system official Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Manuel Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	buted to the customers of this tribution methods allowed by correct and is consistent with als by the Mississippi State

Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215

May be faxed to: (601)576-7800

May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Jumpertown Water Dept. PWS ID# 0590009 April 30, 2015

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is two wells. Our wells draw from the Gordo Formation.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. The general susceptibility rankings assigned to each well of this system are moderate susceptibility to contamination and is available for viewing upon request.

I'm pleased to report that our drinking water meets all federal and state requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Ashley N. Hurt at (662) 728-3658. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Tuesday of each month at 6:00 P.M. at the Town Hall.

Jumpertown Water Dept. routinely monitors for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. As water travels over the land or underground, it can pick up substances or contaminants such as microbes, inorganic and organic chemicals, and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.



				TES	T RESUL	TS		
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Messurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
	(There i	s convincia	Dis	infectants &]	Disinfectio	n By-l	Produc	ts
Chlorine (as	N	2014	IN CALCULA	e mar addition of a d	ismieciant is ne	cessary fo	r control o	f microbial contaminants.)
Cl2) (ppm)	11	2014	1.0	0.60-1.60	Ppm	4	4	Water additive used to control microbe
- <u>-</u>				Inorgan	ic Contam	inants	!_	
Chromium Barium	N N	2013	0.6	0.50.6	Ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
	IN	2013	.265	.252265	Ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural
Copper	N	*2011	.7	No-range	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	deposits Corrosion of household plumbin systems; erosion of natural deposits
Lead	N	*2011	4.0	No-range	ppb	0	AL=15	leaching from wood preservatives Corrosion of household plumbing system erosion of natural deposits

^{*}Most recent sample. No sample was required in 2014

Additional Information for Lead

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. The **Town of Jumpertown** is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. Please contact 601-576-7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Your CCR will not be mailed to you however; you may obtain a copy at the Town Hall. Please call 662-728-3658 if you have any questions.

Jun. 5. 2015 3:29PM JUMPERTOWN WATER DEPT. JUMPERTOWN TOWNHALL 679 HWY 4 WEST BOONEVILLE, MS 38829-0000 (662)728-3658 ()

No. 3022 P. 2

Route - 1 Account - 10 Reading Date - 05/18/2015

-PRE AUTHORIZED DRAFT-

Due By: 06/10/2015

Amount: 19.00

Amount Enclosed:

Due After: 06/10/2015

Amount: 20.90

BOBBY JENNINGS

1402 NINTH STREET BOONEVILLE, MS 38829

Return this portion with your payment							
Account Information		Service	Present	Previous	Usage	Charge	
Roule- 1 Acctno- 10 BOBBY JENNINGS	WA M1		1993360	1992940	420	18.00	
1402 NINTH STREET BOONEVILLE,MS 38829						1.00	
Remaining Meter Deposit. Water 75.00	WA M1	(0)					
Account Aging						·	
Current 19.00 30 Day 0.00					:		
60 Day 0.00 90 Day & Over 0.00							
Last Payment Of \$ 19,00 Made On 05/11/2015					_		
Check #			Amour	Fotal Due of Due R Paid A	By: 06/10/2015 Late Charger fter: 06/10/2015	19:00 1:90 20:90	
			***************************************		***************************************		

2014 CCR REPORT ENCLOSED IN ENVELOPE WITH YOUR BILL

JUMPERTOWN WATER DEPT. 679 HWY 4 WEST BOONEVILLE, MS 38829-0000 (662)728-3658 () -